

CIHM/ICMH Microfiche Series. CIHM/ICMH Collection de microfiches.



Canadian Institute for Historical Microreproductions / Institut canadien de microreproductions historiques



Technical and Bibliographic Notes/Notes techniques et bibliographiques

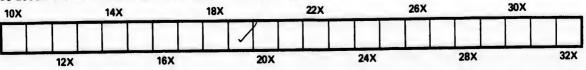
The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for filming. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming, are checked below.

L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.

Coloured covers/		Coloured pages/	
Couverture de couleur		Pages de couleur	Or
			be
a 1		Pages damaged/	the
Covers damaged/		Pages endommagées	sic
Couverture endommagée		1 4900 011401111-9000	ot
		D	fir
Covers restored and/or laminated/		Pages restored and/or laminated/	sic
Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée		Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées	or
			01
Cover title missing/		Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/	
Le titre de couverture manque		Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées	
 Coloured maps/		Pages detached/	Th
Cartes géographiques en couleur		Pages détachées	sh
Cartes geographiques en codiedi			SN Ti
	·	Showthrough/	w
Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)/	V	Transparence	w
Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)		Transparence	
			M
Coloured plates and/or illustrations/		Quality of print varies/	dif
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur		Qualité inégale de l'impression	en
			be
 Bound with other material/		Includes supplementary material/	rig
Relié avec d'autres documents		Comprend du matériel supplémentaire	re
			m
The set of the second s		Only edition available/	
Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion		Seule édition disponible	
along interior margin/		Seule edition disponible	
La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la			
distortion le long de la marge intérieure	[]	Pages wholly or partially obscured by errata	
and the second		slips, tissues, etc., have been refilmed to	
Blank leaves added during restoration may		ensure the best possible image/	
 appear within the text. Whenever possible, these		Les pages totalement ou partiellement	
have been omitted from filming/		obscurcies par un feuillet d'errata, une pelure,	
Il se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées		etc., ont été filmées à nouveau de façon à	
lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte,		obtenir la meilleure image possible.	
mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont			
pas été filmées.			
Additional comments:/			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below/ Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.

Commentaires supplémentaires:



The to

Th po of filr

> Dri e the ia oti firs sic

sh F II N M

dif en be rig e The copy filmed here has been reproduced thanks to the generosity of:

Library of the Public Archives of Canada

The images appearing here are the best quality possible considering the condition and legibility of the original copy and in keeping with the filming contract specifications.

Original copies in printed paper covers are filmed beginning with the front cover and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression, or the back cover when appropriate. All other original copies are filmed beginning on the first page with a printed or illustrated impression, and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression.

The last recorded frame on each microfiche shall contain the symbol ---- (meaning "CON-TINUED"), or the symbol ▼ (meaning "END"), whichever applies.

Maps, plates, charts, etc., may be filmed at different reduction ratios. Those too large to be entirely included in one exposure are filmed beginning in the upper left hand corner, left to right and top to bottom, as many frames as required. The following diagrams illustrate the method:

2

1

L'exemplaire filmé fut reproduit grâce à la générosité de:

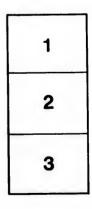
> La biblior, èque des Archives publiques du Canada

Les images suivantes ont été reproduites avec le plus grand soin, compte tenu de la condition et de la netteté de l'exemplaire filmé, et en conformité avec les conditions du contrat de filmage.

Les exemplaires originaux dont la couverture en papier est imprimée sont filmés en commencant par le premier plat et en terminant soit par la dernière page qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'illustration, soit par le second plat, selon le cas. Tous les autres exemplaires originaux sont filmés en commençant par la première page qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'illustration et en terminant par la dernière page qui comporte une telle empreinte.

Un des symboles suivants apparaîtra sur la dernière image de chaque microfiche, selon le cas: le symbole --- signifie "A SUIVRE", le symbole ▼ signifie "FIN".

Les cartes, planches, tableaux, etc., peuvent être filmés à des taux de réduction différents. Lorsque le document est trop grand pour être reproduit en un seul cliché, il est filmé à partir de l'angle supérieur gauche, de gauche à droite, et de haut en bas, en prenant le nombre d'images nécessaire. Les diagrammes suivants illustrent la méthode.



1	2	3
4	5	6

3

to

ails

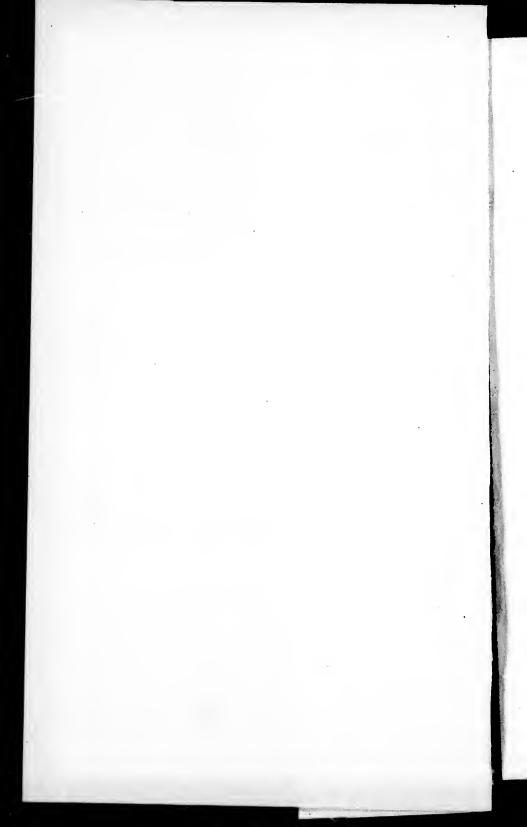
du difier

une

nage

pelure. in à

errata



REPRINTED BY REQUEST.

THE LATE SENATOR TASSE.

By Henny J. morgan.

Ottawa Citizen, January 18th, 1895

It is with no ordinary feelings of regret that we have to announce this morning the death of our respected and long-time political friend and associate, the Honourable Joseph Tasse, editor-in chief of La Minerve newspaper and a member of the Senate of Canada. As our readers are aware. Mr. Tasse has been suffering for some time from a complication of disorders which during the past few weeks has threatened the most serious consequences. His death, therefore, does not occur unexpectedly, but the feeling with which the unfortunate event will everywhere be received, will be none the less deep and sorrowful. By his untimely removal-he was but 46- Canada loses an eloquent and devoted son, and the political party to which he belonged, a well equipped, courageons and devoted champion.

The late Mr. Tasse was essentially a man of action, of earnest work and endeavor; and his career, though short, is bright with the possibilities that lie within the reach of every young Canadian of equal merit and ambition. Com. mencing life a poor boy, he early qualified himself for newspaper work, and, ere long, attained a position in the editorial corps. As such he attracted the notice of the late Sir George Cartier, which led to his appointment as an assistant translator in the public service. Unlike the generality of men under similar conditions, this stroke of good fortune only spurred young Tasse on to further He give himself up anew to mental effort and exertion historical and constitutional studies for which he had a special taste and aptitude, and step, by step added to his store of knowledge and otherwise qualified himself for the distinguished public career that followed. While others slept, he read and worked; while others spent their leisure in idleness and self-indulgence, Tasse was qualifying himself, like Galt, Harrison, Baby and Patterson before him, for a seat in the highest tribunals and councils of the state. He was called to the Bar, and his services sought for in Parliament, but it was only in 1878, on the restoration of the Conservatives to power at Ottawa, that he was induced to accept of a nomination. In that year he stood for the National Capital in the House of Commons, and was returned along with the late Mr. Currier, the total vote recorded for the several candidates being as follows : J. M. Currier, 1,854; Joseph Tasse, 1,748; Dr. St. Jean, 1,353; C. W. Bangs, 1,239. Subsequently, he was elected to the Quebec Assembly, and, in February, 1891, was appointed by the Governor-General-in-Council to a seat in the Red Had he been spared to his country, he would Chamber. undoubtedly have been called, and that before long, to other and higher spheres of public usefulness. He is now gone, however, and while his fellow-citizens who are left behind cannot but regard with a feeling of pride the wellbuilt structure of his life, they must always regret its unfinished condition. Mr. Tasse's death was the result of overwork – a fate which often overtakes men of his calling and profession among other brain-workers in the present day, and oh ! the pity of it. Modern appliances of rapid travel and of verbal communication have so stimulated the activity of men in every department of life that a pressure is put on the faculties of mind and body often beyond that which they can properly bear; the physical mechanism gives way; the silver cord is snapped before its time; and the mourners go about the street. By his demise Canadian literature and journalism as well as politics suffer a very perceptible loss, for not since the days of Parent, of Morin, of Chauveau, Cauchon, Tache or Provencher has French Canada possessed a writer more industrious, better informed or with a more accurate and unerring judgment. As a political organizer, his loss will also be keenly felt by his party friends, he having been to the Conservatives in the district of Montreal and the Ottawa Valley all that Mercier was in his prime in this respect to the Liberals throughout the Province of Quebec. The departed Senator was always a pleasing and effective speaker, and never more so that when, as President of the Institut Canadien or of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, he was called upon at the banquet board to respond to some of the standard toasts It is said that he owed his selection as a parliamentary candidate for Ottawa to an address deli ered by him on one of these occasions. Sir Charles Tupper happened to be present, and so impressed was the veteran statesman with Mr. Tasse's style of oratory that he at once "There's your man!" The Conservative exclaimed : party in Ottawa were at the moment in guest of a French Canadian candidate, and found themselves suddenly relieved of the difficulty in the off-hand and pleasant manner described. Mr. Tasse could never be taken unawares when required to speak. He was always full of facts and always ready. It is to be further remarked, that the spirit and purpose he brought into his public addresses were always apparent and lent weight and dignity to what he had to say. At times, he could rise to flights of genuine eloq,

ti

tł

r

gi

total vote vs : J. M. ın, 1,353 : ted to the appointed the Red he would long, to le is now are left the wellregret its lesult of us calling present of rapid nlated the pressure rond that echanism me; and Canadian r a very of Morin, s French informed t. As a It by his es in the all that Liberals Senator d never Janadien upon at standard parliaered by per hapveteran at once ervative French relieved ner des when always rit and always had to ne elo-

quence, as, for instance, at the O'Connell demonstration in 1875; at the Conservative banquet given in this city on the occasion of Sir John Maedonald's restoration to power in 1878; at the workingmen's notable gathering at the Opera House at a later period ; and again, in the House of Commons, more particularly, in moving for the erection of a public monument to Sir George Carter, in supporting the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and on the occasion of the sudden death of the universally lamented Holton. While filling the position of Canadian Commissioner at the World's Fair last year, he likewise acquitted himself creditably in replying to Mayor Carter Harrison, of Chicago, who had prophesied the annexation of Canada to the United States. On that occasion, Mr. Tasse well remarked, that not even if the American government were willing to expend its last dollar for such a purpose, could they succed in obtaining one inch of Canadian territory. We were not, he said, a marketable commodity, the soil was sacred to us and intended for our children and those coming after them, and we intended to keep it for them, please God, to the tune of "No surrender." It is to his credit, too, that it can be said of him that he was always fair and courteous in his treatment of public questions and singularly devoid of national and religious antipathics, his constant efforts being directed towards the preservation of the entente cordiale between the two races in this Canada of ours. His celebrated letters to the Toronto Meil, in 1887, are proof of this. Mr. Tasse's magnum opus as a literary man was undoubtedly his "Canadieus de l'Ouest," published in 1878, which gave the utmost satisfaction to the French Canadian race and was well received by the public generally, in view of the many new facts it presented in recording the early achievements and discoveries of the French race in the western portion of La Nouvelle France. "Le Trentehuitieme Fauteuil ou Souvenirs Parliamentaires," issued from the press in 1891, was also notable and acceptable. More recently, he had edited the Life and Speeches of the great Conservative leader, Sir George Etienne Cartic., and this, like his other works, reflected credit on his industry, taste and patriotism. All these publications and others were prepared in Ottawa; and it is here where he lived for so many years and was so familiar to us, where his wife and family continue to reside, where he married and where his children were born unto him, that his death will be the most severely felt. In proof of his popularity at the Capital, we have but to recall the banquet given to him at the Russell House on the 20th December, 1892, in celebration of the 25th anniversary of his entry into journalism, at which both Liberals and Conservatives united to do him honour, a prominent Liberal and old-time opponent, Dr. St Jean, presiding on the Although a native of Montreal, Mr. Tasse occasion. was educated at Rigaud College, on the banks of the Ottawa river, and he had ever for this section of the country and its people a feeling of genuine regard and attachment. He was one of the first to join in the movement looking to the opening up of the broad area of Temiscamingue, and had he lived until next session it was his intention to have moved in the Senate for the appointment of a Select Committee to enquire into the present feasibility of the Ottawa ship canal. As it is, we owe to him and the late Mr. Currier, not a few public benefactions, chief among which may be enumerated the new Drill Hall, the removal of the Geological Survey from Montreal to Ottawa, and the abolition of tolls on the Union Suspension Bridge. For these favours alone Joseph Tasse's memory, with that of his equally patriotic and respected colleague, who has predeceased him, should not soon be forgotten by their former townsmen.

As we have stated, the late Mr. Tasse married in Ottawa, his wife being a daughter of Mr. J. P. M Lecourt, an old and respected member of the Civil Service. It was a true unions of hearts and blessed with many proofs of their mutual affection. Only recently, their eldest daughter, Marie Eulalie Emma Tasse, a beautiful and accomplished girl, was married to the Vicomte George R. Q. Villemonde de Beaujeau, of Montreal, and in this way became allied with many families among the old French noblesse. We extend to the bereaved widow and children the expression of our deep sympathy and condolence.

> Our lives are rivers, gliding free To that unfathomed boundless sea, The silent grave, Thither all earthly pomp and boast Roll to be swallowed up and lost In one dark wave.

> Thither the mighty torrents stray, Thither the brook pursues its way And tinks og rill. There all are equal side by side The poor man and the son of pride.

Lie calm and still.

HENRY J. MORGAN.

Sir Charles Tupper expresses his Regret.

Writing to Mr. Morgan, from London, 27th February, 1895, Sir Charles Tupper says he has read the above article with deep interest. The High Commissioner adds that Senator Tasse's death " will be universally regretted, and especially in the Senate which he was calculated to adorn." g on the Mr. Tasse iks of the regard and the moveof Temiscait was his e appointhe present owe to him tions, chief Hall, the to Ottawa, ion Bridge. with that , who has n by their

in Ottawa, an old and ras a true is of their daughter, complished ge R. Q. vay became h noblesse, the expres-

MORGAN.

y, 1895, Sir leep interest. ath " will be e was calcu-